

# Generation of Hepatic Stellate Cells from Human Pluripotent Stem for in vitro liver fibrosis studies

Created on: 30-10-2020 - Last modified on: 16-03-2022

## Contact person

Leo A. van Grunsven

## Organisation

**Name of the organisation** Vrije Universiteit Brussel (VUB)

**Department** Basic (bio-) Medical Sciences

**Country** Belgium

**Geographical Area** Brussels Region

## Partners and collaborations

Katholieke Universiteit Leuven (KUL)

## SCOPE OF THE METHOD

<b>The Method relates to</b>	Human health
<b>The Method is situated in</b>	Basic Research, Translational - Applied Research
<b>Type of method</b>	In vitro - Ex vivo

<b>Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs</b>	Non-tumor liver tissue, Non-tumor cirrhotic liver tissue
---	--

## DESCRIPTION

### Method keywords

Pluripotent stem cells

Hepatic stellate cells

organoids

Liver spheroids

In vitro liver model

Non-parenchymal cells

HepaRG

### Scientific area keywords

Liver fibrosis

Disease modelling

Toxicity assessment

hepatocytes

### Method description

We established a protocol to efficiently generate hepatic stellate cells (HSCs) from human pluripotent stem cells (PSCs). Our procedure generated complex *in vitro* spheroid cultures that better mimic the complexity of the liver as well as liver function. In co-culture, iPSC-HSCs promote maintenance of hepatocyte metabolic functionality while being able to respond to hepatocyte-mediated toxicity, activating and promoting intra-spheroid fibrogenesis, one of the main drug-associated adverse liver outcomes. iPSC-HSCs display functional and phenotypic features of human primary cultured HSCs, indicating that they may be a highly suitable cell source of human HSCs for culture-based studies.

### Lab equipment

- Incubator,
- Cell culture hood,
- Flow cytometer,
- Laser Scanning Confocal microscope.

## **Method status**

Published in peer reviewed journal

## **PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL**

### **Advantages**

- Protocol is highly robust,
- Yields 70%–80% iPSC-HSCs,
- Highly reproducible.

### **Challenges**

In 2D the responsive of iPSC-HSCs to external signals is rather limited. Thus far, the method has been used successfully in 3 different institutes using 3 different hESC/hIPSC cell lines, but more should be tested.

### **Modifications**

Higher throughput and better quality control for the different stages of hiPSC to HSC differentiations.

### **Future & Other applications**

Can be used for several applications, such as developmental studies, fibrosis modeling, drug screening, liver spheroid generation, and, eventually, regenerative medicine.

## **REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

### **References**

Coll, Mar et al. Generation of Hepatic Stellate Cells from Human Pluripotent Stem Cells Enables In Vitro Modeling of Liver Fibrosis. Cell Stem Cell, Volume 23, Issue 1, 101 - 113.e7

## Links

[Liver cell biology research group](#)

*Coordinated by*



*Financed by*



**Vlaanderen**  
verbeelding werkt

