

The use of induced pluripotent stem cell-derived vascular smooth muscle cells to study aneurysmal diseases

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Organisation

Name of the organisation University of Antwerp (UAntwerpen) Department Center for Medical Genetics Country Belgium Geographical Area Flemish Region

SCOPE OF THE METHOD

The Method relates to	Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research, Translational - Applied Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs	vascular smooth muscle cells (lateral mesoderm and neural crest-derived)

DESCRIPTION

Method keywords

induced pluripotent stem cells drug screening Disease modeling Lateral mesoderm Neural crest

Scientific area keywords

thoracic aortic aneurysm Marfan syndrome Loeys-Dietz syndrome

Method description

Vascular smooth muscle cell (VSMC) deficiency plays a pivotal role in aneurysm development. Unfortunately, access to native VSMCs of patients and (particularly) control individuals is extremely limited. It has been shown that iPSC-derived VSMCs recapitulate the yet known disease processes very well. They can thus serve as a substitute for their native counterparts when studying and therapeutically targeting human aneurysmal

phenotypes. Even the fact that tissue VSMCs of different embryonic origins discretely contribute to disease development and/or progression can be accounted for by using specific differentiation protocols for mesoderm- and neural crest-derived VSMCs. In our research team we use iPSC-VSMCs to assist the search for modifier genes, to further unravel the disease mechanisms and to find novel drug compounds.

Method status

Still in development Internally validated

REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Coordinated by





Financed by



