

# The use of induced pluripotent stem cells in the study of neurodevelopmental disorders

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#### SCOPE OF THE METHOD

The Method relates to	Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs	Fibroblasts

#### **DESCRIPTION**

#### **Method keywords**

IPSC Stem cells differentiation cell culture organoid CrispR

#### Scientific area keywords

neurodevelopmental disorders Rett syndrome MECP2 MECP2 duplication syndrome intellectual disability

## **Method description**

We have successfully set-up the iPSC technology and are able to derive human cortical neurons for the study of neurodevelopmental disorders e.g. the MECP2 duplication syndrome (published) and other projects in the lab (ongoing). We also create isogenic

lines using CrispR-Cas technology. All lines are human derived. We use the iPSC to derive specific subtypes of neurons and study differentiation capacity and morphology. We also study neuronal synaptic connectivity. For certain diseases, we also study migration capacity.

#### **Method status**

Still in development History of use Published in peer reviewed journal

## PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

## **Advantages**

To study processes underlying cognitive and behavioral function at a molecular and cellular level in a human context.

## Challenges

High cost.

# REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

#### References

Nageshappa et al., Mol Psychiatry 2016

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