

Hemolysis assay to predict the inflammatory activity of inhaled particles

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Organisation

Name of the organisation Université Catholique de Louvain (UCL)

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Country Belgium

Geographical Area Brussels Region

SCOPE OF THE METHOD

The Method relates to	Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs	human red blood cells

DESCRIPTION

Method keywords

membranolysis

red blood cells

erythrocytes

absorbance

Scientific area keywords

inflammation

inhaled particles

lung toxicity

silica

Method description

The hemolysis assay remarkably predicts the inflammatory potential of inhaled particles. The capacity of particles to damage cellular membranes is a key property to predict their inflammatory potential upon inhalation. In macrophages and epithelial cells exposed to particles, alteration of the phagolysosome membrane is a key event for the activation of the inflammasome and the release of interleukin-1beta. The membranolytic activity of particles can easily be assessed after incubation with red blood cells and measurement of the level of hemoglobin release. This assay can be performed with human red blood cells.

Lab equipment

Spectrophotometer.

Method status

History of use

Internally validated

Published in peer reviewed journal

PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

Advantages

Easy ;

Cheap ;

Great predictivity.

Challenges

This assay is mainly applicable to particles that are phagocytosed (low solubility).

Modifications

None.

REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

References

<https://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/tx400105f>

<https://particleandfibretoxicology.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12989-014-0076-y>

<https://ehp.niehs.nih.gov/doi/10.1289/ehp.11811>

Associated documents

[PFT_2014.pdf](#)

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