

### In vitro simulations of the gastrointestinal digestion

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#### Organisation

Name of the organisation Ghent University (UGent)

#### Department

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Department of Veterinary Public Health and Food Safety **Country** Belgium **Geographical Area** Flemish Region

# SCOPE OF THE METHOD

| The Method relates to                    | Animal health, Human health                      |
|--|--|
| The Method is situated in                | Basic Research, Translational - Applied Research |
| Type of method                           | In vitro - Ex vivo                               |
| Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs | Fecal inocula                                    |

# DESCRIPTION

#### Method keywords

in vitro digestion colonic digestion fecal inocula

#### Scientific area keywords

in vitro digestion chemistry food safety

#### Method description

The aim of these *in vitro* digestions is to simulate the gastrointestinal digestion of specific food sources and to identify metabolites that might be formed out of this food source by the residing microbiome. For this purpose, fecal samples will be collected from volunteers and will be prepared as fecal inoculum. The *in vitro* simulation of the gastrointestinal digestion consists of an enzymatic digestion (mouth, stomach and duodenum), followed by a colonic fermentation, for which the fecal inoculum will be used.

## Method status

Published in peer reviewed journal

# **PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL**

## Advantages

Excellent way of evaluating the impact of the microbiome on digestion, without any confounding of the host digestion.

## Challenges

No interaction with the host.

# **REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

### References

Van Hecke et al (2014) Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 62, 1980-1988 Rombouts et al (2017) Scientific Repors, 7, 42514 L.Y. Hemeryck et al (2018) Food and Chemical Toxicology, 115, 73-87

## Associated documents

Rombouts et al, 2017.pdf Van Hecke et al, 2014.pdf Hemeryck et al, 2018.pdf

### Links

Van Hecke et al, 2014 Rombouts et al, 2017 L.Y. Hemeryck et al, 2018

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