

# In vitro simulations of the gastrointestinal digestion

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## **Contact person**

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## Organisation

Name of the organisation Ghent University (UGent)

## **Department**

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Department of Veterinary Public Health and Food Safety **Country** Belgium

Geographical Area Flemish Region

## **SCOPE OF THE METHOD**

The Method relates to	Animal health, Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research, Translational - Applied Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs	Fecal inocula

## **DESCRIPTION**

## **Method keywords**

in vitro digestion

colonic digestion

fecal inocula

## Scientific area keywords

in vitro

digestion

chemistry

food safety

## **Method description**

The aim of these *in vitro* digestions is to simulate the gastrointestinal digestion of specific food sources and to identify metabolites that might be formed out of this food source by the residing microbiome. For this purpose, fecal samples will be collected from volunteers and will be prepared as fecal inoculum. The *in vitro* simulation of the gastrointestinal digestion consists of an enzymatic digestion (mouth, stomach and duodenum), followed by a colonic fermentation, for which the fecal inoculum will be used.

#### **Method status**

Published in peer reviewed journal

# PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

## **Advantages**

Excellent way of evaluating the impact of the microbiome on digestion, without any confounding of the host digestion.

## Challenges

No interaction with the host.

# REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

#### References

Van Hecke et al (2014) Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry, 62, 1980-1988

Rombouts et al (2017) Scientific Repors, 7, 42514 L.Y.

Hemeryck et al (2018) Food and Chemical Toxicology, 115, 73-87

## **Associated documents**

Rombouts et al, 2017.pdf Van Hecke et al, 2014.pdf Hemeryck et al, 2018.pdf

## Links

Van Hecke et al, 2014 Rombouts et al, 2017 L.Y. Hemeryck et al, 2018

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