

# Cellular viability using the MTT assay

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## Contact person

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## Organisation

**Name of the organisation** Ghent University (UGent)

**Department** Pharmaceutical analysis

**Country** Belgium

**Geographical Area** Flemish Region

## SCOPE OF THE METHOD

<b>The Method relates to</b>	Human health
<b>The Method is situated in</b>	Basic Research
<b>Type of method</b>	In vitro - Ex vivo
<b>Species from which cells/tissues/organs are derived</b>	Diverse
<b>Type of cells/tissues/organs</b>	Diverse

## DESCRIPTION

### Method keywords

cell culture

cell viability test

MTT cytotoxicity assay

### Scientific area keywords

toxicity testing  
viability study

### **Method description**

Cells are treated with compounds and after a specific incubation time the MTT reagent is added. In living cells, the MTT is reduced to the purple formazan. The amount of formazan is related to the amount of living cells. Next, the medium and MTT reagent are aspirated and DMSO is added after which the purple solution is quantified using UV-VIS.

### **Lab equipment**

Cell incubator ;  
UV-VIS spectrophotometer (or microplate reader).

### **Method status**

Published in peer reviewed journal

## **PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL**

### **Advantages**

Enables high-throughput screening.

### **Challenges**

No insights in cell death mechanisms (apoptosis, necrosis,...).

## **REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION**

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