

# The HepG2 cell line: regularly used human liver-based in vitro model

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## Organisation

**Name of the organisation** Vrije Universiteit Brussel (VUB)

**Department** Pharmaceutical and Pharmacological Sciences

**Specific Research Group or Service** In Vitro Toxicology and Dermato-Cosmetology

**Country** Belgium

**Geographical Area** Brussels Region

## SCOPE OF THE METHOD

<b>The Method relates to</b>	Human health
<b>The Method is situated in</b>	Basic Research
<b>Type of method</b>	In vitro - Ex vivo
<b>Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs</b>	derived from liver tissue of a male with a well-differentiated hepatocellular carcinoma

## DESCRIPTION

## Method keywords

cell culture

in vitro tool

variety of fields

unlimited

liver-based

## Scientific area keywords

Liver cell biology

protein expression

## Method description

HepG2 is a human hepatoma derived cell line, which are epithelial in morphology. It was established from liver tissue of a 15-year-old Caucasian male with a well differentiated hepatocellular carcinoma. The HepG2 cell line is one of the most used human liver-based *in vitro* models. The cells secrete a variety of major plasma proteins (e.g. albumin), but show low levels of biotransformation enzymes. HepG2 cells grow mainly in islands after which they form a monolayer. They have been widely used in a variety of fields such as the study of hepatocyte function and specific protein expression.

## Lab equipment

Laminar flow hood;

Phase contrast microscope;

Incubator;

Water bath (automatic);

Micropipettes;

Centrifuge.

## Method status

History of use

## PROS, CONS & FUTURE POTENTIAL

### Advantages

High stability;

Unlimited life span

## REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION

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