

# The use of induced pluripotent stem cellderived vascular smooth muscle cells to study aneurysmal diseases

Created on: 03-06-2020 - Last modified on: 03-06-2020

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## Organisation

Name of the organisation University of Antwerp (UAntwerpen)

**Department** Center for Medical Genetics

**Country** Belgium

**Geographical Area** Flemish Region

#### **SCOPE OF THE METHOD**

The Method relates to	Human health
The Method is situated in	Basic Research, Translational - Applied Research
Type of method	In vitro - Ex vivo
Specify the type of cells/tissues/organs	vascular smooth muscle cells (lateral mesoderm and neural crest-derived)

### **DESCRIPTION**

## **Method keywords**

induced pluripotent stem cells drug screening
Disease modeling

Lateral mesoderm Neural crest

## Scientific area keywords

thoracic aortic aneurysm Marfan syndrome Loeys-Dietz syndrome

## **Method description**

Vascular smooth muscle cell (VSMC) deficiency plays a pivotal role in aneurysm development. Unfortunately, access to native VSMCs of patients and (particularly) control individuals is extremely limited. It has been shown that iPSC-derived VSMCs recapitulate the yet known disease processes very well. They can thus serve as a substitute for their native counterparts when studying and therapeutically targeting human aneurysmal phenotypes. Even the fact that tissue VSMCs of different embryonic origins discretely contribute to disease development and/or progression can be accounted for by using specific differentiation protocols for mesoderm- and neural crest-derived VSMCs. In our research team we use iPSC-VSMCs to assist the search for modifier genes, to further unravel the disease mechanisms and to find novel drug compounds.

#### **Method status**

Still in development Internally validated

## REFERENCES, ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS AND OTHER INFORMATION







